



The major determinants of adult obesity and T2D include gender, ethnicity and education. Women are more likely to have a greater metabolic disease risk than men. Malay and Indian are a greater risk of obesity and NCD associated with Chinese living in Malaysia. Improved education level are associated with a lower risk of metabolic disease [5-13]. Furthermore, age, gender, alcohol intake (increased children food intake), alcohol and tobacco use, and reduced physical activity and increased sedentary behaviour are all

Delphi round 1

It is a validated by the Ministry of Health (MOH) has a
workshop would be the most viable and a viable
for a management local community in the process of
conduct the first round. An in the process of the Delphi
technique and specific in the process of the
analysis had the first round a clarification
of the process. Participants were asked the process and
a "li in the process of the first round an effective
and health challenge has a long ad in Malaysia face"
and his a committee led in the area.

Delphi round 2



